

## INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM STAND

Supreme Court Holds Such Legislation Purely a Political Question and Only Congress May Act.

## OREGON TAX CASE AT ISSUE

Chief Justice White Cites Decision in Dorr's Rebellion Action in Laying Down Doctrine Applicable.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Only Congress, and not the Supreme Court of the United States, may object to the initiative and referendum method of legislation in the states, so the court itself decided to-day.

That tribunal held that the question of whether a state still maintained a republican form of government, guaranteed by the federal Constitution, after it adopted the initiative and referendum method was a political problem for Congress and not a judicial one for the courts.

The decision was based on the claim of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company that a tax imposed on it by the initiative and referendum method in Oregon was unconstitutional. The initiative and referendum provisions in Missouri, California, Arkansas, Colorado, South Dakota, Utah, Montana, Oklahoma, Maine and Arizona hung in the balance. An adverse decision would have affected proposed legislation of that character in many other states.

## No Dissenting Opinion Filed.

Chief Justice White announced the decision of the court. None of the justices dissented. The court also gave a similar decision in reference to an ordinance in Portland, Ore., for the construction of a bridge.

The Chief Justice said that "a singular misapprehension" had existed on both sides of the case, but that the "mistake and confusion" were dispelled by the decision of Chief Justice Taney years ago, in which he disposed of the Dorr rebellion question. That was the case of Luther agt. Borden, he said, and decided that the enforcement of the guarantee of a republican form of government to the states belonged to the political department of the government, and came up, for instance, on the admission of Senators and members of the House to their respective bodies.

The Chief Justice called attention to Chief Justice Fuller following Luther agt. Borden in the controversy over the Kentucky government in the case of Taylor agt. Beckham. Referring to the doctrine as laid down in these two cases, Chief Justice White said:

"It is, indeed, a singular misapprehension of the nature and character of our constitutional system of government to suggest that the settled distinction which the doctrine just stated points out between judicial authority over justiciable controversies and legislative power as to purely political questions tends to destroy the duty of the judiciary in proper cases to enforce the Constitution. The suggestion results from failing to distinguish between things which are widely different—that is, the legislative duty to determine the questions involved in deciding whether a state government republican in form exists, and the judicial power and ever-present duty when ever it becomes necessary in a controversy properly submitted to enforce and uphold the applicable provisions of the Constitution as to each and every exercise of government power."

## Quotes Case at Issue.

How better can the broad lines which distinguish these two subjects be pointed out than by considering the character of the case in this very case? The defendant company does not contend here that it could not have been required to pay a license tax. It does not assert that it was denied an opportunity to be heard as to the amount for which it was taxed, or that there was anything inhering in the tax or involved intrinsically in the law which violated any of its constitutional rights. If such questions had been raised they would have been justiciable, and therefore would have required the calling into operation of the judicial power of the government. But of these things, the attack on the statute here made is of a wholly different character.

Its essentially political nature is at once made manifest by understanding that the statute which the contention here advanced makes it not on the tax as a tax, but on the state as a state. It is addressed to the framework and political character of the government by which the statute levying the tax was passed.

It is the government, the political entity, which is the subject of the attack, and the purpose of testing judicially some exercise of power asserted, on the ground that its exercise has injuriously affected the rights of an individual because of repugnancy to constitutional limitations, but the demand of the government that it establish its rights to exist as a state.

## WORKING WAY ROUND GLOBE

### Son of Ex-Governor Francis Employed in a Hotel.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] St. Louis, Feb. 19.—Sidney R. Francis, twenty-two years old, the youngest son of ex-Governor David R. Francis, a St. Louis multi-millionaire, has reached Pasadena, Cal., on a journey around the world, the expenses of which are to be defrayed by his own labor, according to press dispatches.

"Sidney left home about three weeks ago with my full knowledge and consent," Governor Francis said to-night when told that dispatches from Pasadena stated Sidney and three other sons of wealthy families had joined forces and were working in a hotel there.

"He had the wanderlust," Governor Francis continued, "and although I remonstrated with him and told him he was going on a wild-goose chase, he was determined to go. He was not driven from home and did not run away. However, he had several hundred dollars with him when he left. I do not know anything about his working in a Pasadena hotel, except what I have read in newspapers, but I suppose he will have to do many different kinds of work if he carries out his plan of working his way around the world."

Sidney R. Francis, since graduating from Yale, had worked in his father's brokerage offices and in a wholesale dry goods house here.

First the oculist, then the optician. DASH TIRA Optician, 342 Ave. near 42d St. Advt.

DR. Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University, has written an article defining Socialism and its ultimate accomplishments for next Sunday's New-York Tribune.

## LOOK FOR MORSE IN WALL ST

Dr. Fowler Believes He Will Re-enter Business.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Atlanta, Feb. 19.—"Look for Charles W. Morse back on Wall Street again," said Dr. A. L. Fowler, who has had the ex-banker convict under observation for over two years. Dr. Fowler has just returned from New York, where he remained with the former ice king until he sailed for Bad Nauheim. He said to-day:

"Morse is improving now very rapidly, though he is still a sick man. He may die before the year is out, or may live four or five years longer. No one can tell the exact length of the life before him. I will say now that Morse will never again be a well man. He will, I believe, be greatly improved by his trip abroad and come home in physical and mental condition to allow him to re-enter business. If he continues to improve I would not be at all surprised to see him dabbling in Wall Street again."

## MAYOR SERVED IN SUIT

Accepts Papers in \$13,000 Action Brought by Surgeon.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Atlantic City, Feb. 19.—Mayor William J. Gaynor acknowledged summonses here to-night in the civil suit brought against him by Dr. William J. Arlitz, head surgeon of the St. Mary's Hospital, of Hoboken, for \$13,000 for services rendered, following the attempt on the Mayor's life in 1910.

The papers were served on Mr. Gaynor in the Marlborough-Blenheim, where he is taking a ten days' rest, by Under Sheriff Joseph Bartlett, of this county, who was accompanied by Mark Townsend, a lawyer, in the office of Edwards & Smith, of Jersey City, counsel for the surgeon.

Dr. Arlitz alleges that his bill for \$7,500 was thrown out by the Board of Aldermen of New York, who assumed liability for the expense incident to the attempted assassination, although they paid high prices to New York surgeons called into consultation. He was offered \$2,500, but this he refused.

This is the first time the lawyers have been able to catch Mayor Gaynor on Jersey soil. He was taken completely by surprise. The Mayor must answer in Hudson County on February 29.

## LIVELY FIGHT IN THEATRE

Husband Finds Wife with Another Man and Makes Scene.

George Shaeffer, an electrician, living at No. 154 East 59th street, who had come into the American Theatre, at Eighth avenue and 42d street, last evening to get his mind off his troubles, and more particularly his wife, who recently had separated from him, was amazed when the curtain went up on the second act to see her sitting a few seats in front of him with a strange man.

Shaeffer lost not a moment in getting out of his seat. He leaped down the aisle, hauled the stranger out onto the floor on his knees and elbows, and began giving him a vigorous beating, to the vast diversion of the audience. When the flock of ushers who had come running found they could not separate the pair, they called James O'Neill, a Central detective, who was in the lobby, and he finally got the enraged husband pried off Mrs. Shaeffer's escort, and took the two men to the West 37th street station.

## IDENTIFY TRAIN VICTIM

Man Killed at Larchmont Saturday Was J. B. A. Lounsbury.

The body of the young man who was killed by an express train at the Larchmont station Saturday night was identified yesterday as that of James Ben Al Lounsbury, son of the late Richard P. Lounsbury.

Mr. Lounsbury had been driven to the station from his home at Bedford by his chauffeur, it having been his intention to take a train there for New York and visit his sister, Mrs. Henry P. Perry, of No. 17 East 55th street.

Two women who were at the station told Coroner W. H. Livingston that the young man suddenly took off his fur coat and then jumped in front of a New York, New Haven & Hartford express train.

The station agent said Mr. Lounsbury had walked up and down the platform for an hour before the accident. Mr. Lounsbury was thirty-three years old. He was graduated from Yale in 1902, and seven years later married Miss Rhoda Isabelle Stever, daughter of Charles Stever, of Detroit. After his marriage he and his bride went to Europe, where they remained several months. The couple had passed the greater part of the last two years in the South.

## LUSITANIA DELAYED 24 HOURS.

Queenstown, Feb. 19.—The Cunard liner Lusitania, which was yesterday delayed on account of fog in the Mersey, was further retarded by a storm. She left this port for New York at 1:30 this morning, instead of Sunday morning, according to schedule.

Cut fruits, jellies, water-ices made delectable with Angostura Bitters.—Advt.

## WHITMAN GETS BRANDT'S LETTERS

Counsel for Schiff and Gans Surrender Four on His Request, Including "Rough Draft" Held by Schiff.

## PINKERTON MAN TESTIFIES

Says He Got Letters for Gans, and Wrote Valet's "Confession"—Schiff Servant's Evidence Favors Prisoner—Hand Probe Brief.

John W. Rogers, the Pinkerton detective who went to the rooms of Folke E. Brandt on the night of March 11, 1907, in company with Woolridge and Taylor, the police detectives, told his story to the grand jury yesterday. From Rogers the information was drawn that he had taken the letters which belonged to Brandt and had delivered them to Howard S. Gans, and that he had gone for the letters under instructions from Mr. Gans.

The three letters and a copy of the fourth, which were supposed to be all that were preserved by Mortimer L. Schiff and his counsel out of the bundle taken from Brandt's room, were delivered to District Attorney Whitman yesterday by John D. Lindsay, of Nicol, Anable, Lindsay & Fuller, who are acting as counsel to Howard S. Gans. It was stated earlier in the case that Gans would make no objection to giving up the three letters he held, but that Mr. Schiff would go to almost any extreme before he would part with the one in his possession.

Apparently the Schiff counsel thought better of that matter, however, for the letters were turned over to the District Attorney yesterday on his mere request. Later, it was said, letters of far greater importance were missing. Brandt's friends say that among the letters taken from him and not returned were correspondence with members of the Schiff household. The fourth letter, over which it was expected Mr. Schiff would make such a fight and which, it was admitted, was only in "rough draft" form, was actually a "rough draft" of the first letter, according to Brandt, he wrote to a member of the Schiff household, a first letter which was followed by a continuous correspondence which lasted until Brandt was arrested.

This first letter was written, according to this information, in the early fall of 1906.

## Rogers Amazed at Sentence.

Rogers said yesterday that he had been amazed when he first learned that Brandt had been sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment. His understanding of the matter, when he was working on the case, was that Brandt was to be sent out of the country—back to Sweden, he believed—and that he was to receive enough money not only to get him out of the way, but to start him in business in his native land, and thus preclude any possibility of his returning to New York.

Rogers believed then that Brandt's confession was chiefly for use in case Brandt should ever try to return to this country. Rogers admitted that he went to Brandt's rooms, in East 42d street, on the night of March 11, 1907, for the express purpose of getting Brandt's letters, and that he did it under instructions from Gans. The question had previously come up in the present investigation as to why counsel to Mr. Schiff was employing private detectives to get these letters of a man who was ostensibly in custody for burglary in the first degree.

Leonard Bourne, the only other witness heard by the grand jury yesterday, was another servant in the household of Mortimer L. Schiff at the time when Brandt was sent away. He appeared before the grand jury practically on the request of Howard S. Gans, who wrote to District Attorney Whitman that he had found Bourne in Boston, where he was working as a chauffeur, and that Bourne was the man who furnished the information that Brandt had broken into the Schiff house and was therefore chargeable with first degree burglary.

Bourne's story, however, did not seem to bear out the advance notices with which he was brought into the present revival of the case. Bourne was in the kitchen of the Schiff house all that evening of March 8, 1907, and he saw neither Brandt nor his shoes, as per the stories of the complaining witness against the valet.

He heard no cries nor scuffling, and when Mr. Schiff came down the stairs about 11 o'clock that night he said only that he had been hit on the head. Bourne did not know that Brandt was arrested until some time later.

## Whitman To Be at Hand Hearing.

Whether the grand jury will take up the case again to-day depends largely upon the developments of the first session of the inquiry to be started this morning at 11 o'clock by Special Commissioner Hand. District Attorney Whitman will attend that hearing, and he said last night that if he could be spared from it in time he would continue his grand jury work. If not, he will postpone the continuance of the grand jury investigation until to-morrow.

Attorney General Carmody came down from Albany last night to appear at the Hand investigation. He was not inclined to comment upon it in advance, but he hoped that it would be "very brief." Mr. Carmody expected that one day, or possibly two days, would suffice, because he believed that Mr. Hand would need nothing more than the records now in existence in the case. He did not think any witnesses would be called—at any rate, none whose appearance would in any way embarrass the grand jury investigation, and certainly not either Mr. Gans or Mr. Schiff.

It is the Attorney General's firm conviction.

Continued on third page.

MAILLARD'S VANILLA CHOCOLATE is the basis for some of the most delicate desserts. It is used by chefs at leading hotels.—Advt.



DEMOCRATIC POLITICIAN—Hey! Uncle, we've discovered there's a sugar trust! UNCLE SAM—Good; and have you "discovered" there were an oil trust and a tobacco trust?

## FLOWER HOSPITAL TO HAVE \$1,000,000 PLANT

Home of Institution and Medical College Found To Be Too Small for Present Needs.

## BUILDING TO COST \$500,000

Dean Copeland Says New Structure Will Be Completed in Year and Should Make Further Endowment Unnecessary.

The work of Flower Hospital and the New York Homoeopathic Medical College, under Dean R. S. Copeland, has increased so greatly in the last four years that the institution has outgrown its present buildings, and a committee of the trustees has been appointed to select a new site and have the plans drawn for a modern hospital and medical college to cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000. It is believed that a site can be obtained for \$300,000, and \$100,000 more is needed for new equipment.

This makes a total of approximately \$1,000,000 that the contemplated move will cost. Of this amount the hospital already has nearly one-half. The equity in the present real estate holdings is \$200,000, and funds on hand and pledges of contributions make up the remainder. More than \$100,000 has already been pledged toward the new building, provided the remainder can be raised, and the hospital authorities are so confident of their ability to get the rest of the money needed that they are planning to begin operations on the new building in the spring.

Flower Hospital and the New York Homoeopathic Medical College are housed at present in seven buildings occupying the block front on the Eastern Boulevard, between 63d and 64th streets. The buildings were put up in 1891 and were considered at that time a model of hospital and college construction, but the needs of the institution and particularly modern ideas in hospital construction have made them antiquated. In the last three years the number of beds in the hospital has been increased from 75 to 150, and correspondingly, the number of "in patients" treated a year has increased from 2,000 to 4,000. The ambulance district of the institution extends from 42d street to 76th street and from river to river. Sixty-five hundred ambulance calls were answered last year and 47,000 dispensary cases were treated, including 5,000 cases of mothers and children, while there were 47,000 days of treatment given to charity patients.

## Work of College is Hampered.

This work was done by an institution housed in a building that is a maze of dark halls, winding stairs and floors whose levels change three or four times in the width of the building. The entire equipment is inadequate to the work done, and that growing year by year. The work of the college is hampered in the same way. Four years ago the total enrollment in the college was 87 students, with 11 members in the freshman class. This year the enrollment is 286 students, with 81 freshmen. There are facilities for taking care of only 66 freshmen and the class had to be weeded down to that number.

Laboratory work, also, must be cut to suit the equipment. Under the direction of Dean Copeland the laboratories are

Continued on fifth page.

## PEER'S WEDDING IN LONDON

Lord Howard de Walden Bridegroom in Quiet Ceremony.

London, Feb. 19.—Lord Howard de Walden, one of the wealthiest men in England, and Miss Margherita van Raalte, elder daughter of the late Charles van Raalte, of Brownsea Island, were married to-day in the parish house, Marylebone, only a few relatives and intimate friends being present.

Lord Howard de Walden succeeded to his title as an eighth baron in 1899. His income from the Portland estates, north of Oxford street, has been estimated at more than £250,000 a year. He was born in 1880, and succeeded his father in the title when he was nineteen years old.

Versatility is the distinguishing feature of Lord Howard de Walden. His many interests embrace sport in a number of phases—races, automobiling, yachting, motor-boating, aviation and fencing, literature, music, heraldry and travel.

Under the pen name of "T. E. Ellis" the young peer has written the libretto of an opera, "Dyvan," which was composed by Joseph Holbrooke and produced at Covent Garden in 1910, besides a four-act Arthurian drama, "Lancelot," which was produced at the Playhouse in 1908.

## BYSTANDER SHOT BY POLICE

Bullet Fired to Frighten Fugitive Glances from Sidewalk.

While chasing a man whom he sought to arrest for robbery yesterday afternoon, Detective Sergeant John J. Tait, attached to the East 22d street station, fired a shot, which glanced from the sidewalk and passed through the right leg of Henry Cunningham, of No. 219 East 29th street, a bystander.

Tait was on a 28th street crosswalk when he saw Peter Madden and a companion holding up a man. He rushed off the car to go to the citizen's assistance, but Madden recognized him and ran. The detective started in pursuit and at length fired the shot to frighten Madden, which hit Cunningham. Madden continued running, but was caught at 28th street and Third avenue, whereupon Tait returned to the place where he had fired the shot and found Cunningham in front of No. 142 East 28th street, suffering from a bullet wound in the leg of the right leg.

Bellevue Hospital surgeons said the wound was not grave. Madden was then taken to the East 22d street station and locked up on a charge of attempted robbery.

## BANDIT ROB PASSENGERS

Takes Money and Valuables from Sleeping Car Occupants.

Baltimore, Feb. 19.—While the New York-St. Louis Express, westbound, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, was ascending Piedmont and Altamont, W. Va., in the Allegheny Mountains, shortly before 10 o'clock to-night, a masked man, armed with two pistols, jumped on one of the sleeping cars and robbed the passengers of money and other valuables. He dropped off and escaped just before the train reached Altamont.

## MISS MARLOWE IN HOSPITAL

Actress, in Washington, Faces Operation on Throat.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Julia Marlowe, the actress (Mrs. E. H. Sothern), was taken to a hospital to-day for an operation upon her throat.

It was said to be not a serious one.

NO OPiates OR HARMFUL DRUGS IN BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—Advt.

## LELAND GIVES MILLION TO METROPOLITAN MUSEUM

President of New York County National Bank Makes No Restrictions on Use of Money.

## VAST PLANS OUTLINED

J. P. Morgan Lends More Pictures, but Disposition of Great English Collection Is Still in Doubt.

Robert W. de Forest, vice-president of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, announced last night that Francis L. Leland, president of the New York County National Bank, had made an unconditional gift to the museum of 1,200 shares of the stock of the banking institution, valued at more than \$1,000,000.

The gift was announced by Mr. Leland to Mr. de Forest and J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., who, after the annual meeting of the museum, held during the afternoon, were invited to call upon Mr. Leland at his home, No. 137 Riverside Drive, in regard to a gift to the museum. When the gift was announced by Mr. Leland, Mr. de Forest suggested that it be made in the form of a letter, and the following was handed to Mr. de Forest:

J. Pierpont Morgan, esq., president Metropolitan Museum of Art.

Dear Sir: I herewith make a gift, outright, of one thousand, two hundred (1,200) shares of the New York County National Bank stock to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, without condition. Very truly yours, FRANCIS L. LELAND.

The stock quotation of the New York County National Bank yesterday was \$50 bid and 900 asked.

Mr. de Forest said last night: "While the gift is absolutely unconditional, the trustees of the museum, in my judgment, will hold it as a principal fund, the income of which only will be used chiefly, not entirely, for the purchase of art."

The annual income of Mr. Leland's gift to the museum, it was estimated, will be approximately \$48,000.

Mr. Leland is a member of the Museum of Art. The gift made by him is one of the four largest received by the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the largest ever received during the lifetime of the donor, the others having been bequests.

Besides being president of the New York County National Bank, Mr. Leland is a director of the Manhattan Screw and Stamping Works, director of Park & Tilford, director of the United States Life Insurance Company and vice-president and director of the West Side Bank.

## Mr. Morgan Lends Paintings.

While there is still speculation as to whether J. Pierpont Morgan will give or loan to the Museum some of the treasures he intends bringing together in this country, the Museum authorities were able to announce the loan of four paintings which heretofore have been hung in Mr. Morgan's library. The loaned canvases are considered among the most important ever placed on exhibition by Mr. Morgan. They include "Madonna and Child," by Fra Angelico, a picture formerly owned by the King of the Belgians; "Macrinio D'Alba," a portrait of the artist himself; "Virgin Adoring Child and Saints," by Perugino, and

Continued on fifth page.

## SEEK COMMITTEE FOR HASLETT

Relatives File Petition in Kings County Court as Gardner Is Held on More Serious Charge.

## WILLS FORGED, SAYS LORD

He and Ex-Senator Enjoined from Using Any Power of Attorney—Cousin Tells of Aged Man's Mental Weakness.

A force which may count toward the peaceful conservation of his large estate and fairer treatment of the person of the aged and infirm recluse, Samuel E. Haslett, of Brooklyn, whose fortune Frank J. Gardner, the former State Senator, was doubly charged yesterday with conspiring to obtain, unexpectedly came into the case yesterday when some of the Haslett relatives filed a petition for the appointment of a committee of the old man's person and property.

The petition was filed before Judge Lewis L. Fawcett, in the County Court, Brooklyn, by Eugene A. Philbin, former District Attorney, head of the law firm of Philbin, Beekman, Menken & Griscom, of No. 54 William street, on behalf of Ellen Haslett Samuel, a cousin of Haslett. It carried a request for a commission to inquire into the sanity of the old man.

Judge Fawcett issued an order to show cause why the petition should not be granted, returnable before him on February 23. The court also granted an injunction, pending the hearing on the petition, restraining Gardner and John B. Lord, whom it is charged, the former State Senator sought to displace as counsel for Haslett, from acting under any power of attorney they may have obtained from the old man and attempting to interfere with his estate.

The petition asks that a Brooklyn trust company and one or two responsible persons be named as the committee. Lionel Samuel, husband of the petitioner, made an affidavit in which he described the demented state in which he found the old recluse and the deplorable condition of his big house in Remsen street upon several visits he made there recently. Mr. Samuel is vice-president of the commission house of Rojas & Co., with offices in the Whitehall Building. The Samuels live in Maple avenue, Staten Island. They were in conference with S. Stanwood Menken, of the Philbin firm nearly all day yesterday.

## About \$1,000,000 involved.

Mr. Menken said, after the petition had been filed, that Mrs. Samuel had acted impartially in the matter, with the idea of preserving the old man's interests and that of his relatives, without regard as to who would ultimately get the property. He said that the Haslett estate would probably amount to more than \$1,000,000; that a fortune of that size had been left him by his young wife, who died about twenty years ago. Gardner was arraigned and rearrested in the Adams street police court yesterday. While the first charge of conspiracy against him was only a misdemeanor, he was charged yesterday with a felony in violation of Section 932 of the Penal Code. It was alleged that he obtained Haslett's signature to two wills and a power of attorney under false pretences. John B. Lord, who has acted as counsel for the old man for some years, made the complaint. The bail was raised from \$2,000 to \$5,000, which Gardner furnished.

The former Senator evidently had not expected the more serious charge when he appeared in court. He seemed somewhat confused for a few minutes when another warrant was served on him, but soon got busy and secured the additional bail. He declined to discuss the new feature of his case except to promise some sensational exposures before it had been thrashed out.

## Gardner's Counsel Blames Others.

Max D. Steuer, Gardner's counsel, gave out a statement at his office, No. 115 Broadway, in which he intimated that instead of being an instrument of crime his client apparently got into the Haslett matter at an opportune time and had probably prevented the consummation of what appeared to be a diabolical plot. Mr. Steuer said he had discussed the case with Gardner yesterday, and that the story he told him was a highly probable one. He expected to verify it through many reputable witnesses, and be able to prove Gardner's innocence if he was brought to trial. He added:

"If my present notion of the circumstances develops to be the real one, there are people who ought to be prosecuted, but Senator Gardner is not one of them."

Following the second complaint, which he lodged against Gardner yesterday, Mr. Lord issued a statement in which he declared that the Haslett signatures to the two wills in question and the power of attorney were all forgeries. He said that he had been Haslett's attorney for twenty-five years and was familiar with his handwriting. He said that Haslett's estate would probably not amount to more than \$200,000. He declared that the old man had no near relatives and that his physical condition and the condition of the "house of mystery" in which he lived had been greatly exaggerated. He said the aged recluse was able to walk upstairs by himself yesterday, and that he was in charge of competent attendants and the house was being thoroughly renovated.

"Mr. Haslett is not the great recluse he is said to be, either," added the old man's lawyer. "He has been very charitable; during 1911 he gave several thousand dollars to various charities."

A neighbor of "the hermit," as he was called, confirmed yesterday the charitable tendencies of the old man, despite his peculiarities. He said that he knew of Mr. Haslett sending three \$1,000

DEWEY'S PURE GRAPE JUICE Purifies the blood. A delicious beverage. H.T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 124 Fulton St., N.Y. Advt.